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Harwich, August 6.

THe Master of one of our Packet-Boats, who arrived here on Saturday last from *Holland*, tells us that that day he met at Sea with a Ship that came lately from *Riga*, the Master whereof informed him, that in his passage through the Baltick, the last week, he saw the *Suedes* and *Danes* Fleets very near each other, and that keeping on his course, the next day he heard very much shooting, so that he concluded the two Fleets had Engaged.

Copenhagen, Aug. 2. What we said in our last of the *Suedes* Army being drawn off from *Christianstadt* is not confirmed; but on the contrary, the freshest advice we have from our Camp, says, That the King was advanced within a league and an half of *Christianstadt*, and that the *Suedes* continued in their posts, and seemed resolved to expect us there. Our Fleet according to the last account we had of it was still at *Bornholme*. We have advice, that the Fortress of *Bahus* was the 27 instant surrendred to the Sieur *Guldenlieu* This morning Count *Tromp* parted hence for *Pomeren*.

Ditto, Aug. 6. The last account we had from our Army, is, That our King was advanced within a league of *Christianstadt*, and that he found the *Suedes* so strongly fortified in their Camp, that he could not think fit to make any attempt upon them, and therefore had resolved to endeavour to cut off their provisions, by that means to oblige them to a battle, or at least to remove. We are informed that our King has received Letters from the Governor of *Christianstadt*, in which he says he shall be able to hold out till the last of this Month. The Master of a Vessel arrived here from *Helmstadt*, says, that *Bahus* was not surrendred to the Sieur *Guldenlieu* the 27*th* past, as was said in our last, but that on the contrary the besieged made a stout defence, and according to all appearance would continue to do so for some time longer.

Vienna, July 31. This Court and City is full of rejoycing on occasion of the birth of the Arch-duke, of which you had an account. On Wednesday the young Prince was Christened by the Nuncio by the Names of *Josephus, Jacobus, Ignatius, Johannes, Antonius, Eustacius*; The Count *de Barca* is appointed by the Emperor to carry this happy News to the Court of *Spain*, and Couriers have been dispatched to all the Emperors Ministers abroad. The Letters we have from *Hungary* tell us that General *Wurmb* had had another Rencounter with 2000 Rebels, near *Tekerschin*, that he had quite routed them, and killed 600 upon the place. Our Minister at the Port hath upon his repeated instances obtained an order to the Prince of *Transilvania*, not to give any assistance or countenance to the Hungarians, who are in Arms against his Imperial Majesty.

From the Imperial Camp at Rencken, *Aug.* 5. The Magistrates of *Strasburg* having sent to give the Duke of *Lorrain* an account, that the *French* have not only made themselves Masters of their Fort at *Kiel*, but that they likewise threaten to attack their City, his Highness has given orders for some Troops to be put into the place, and will himself follow with the whole Army, and because we are somewhat incommoded, through the want of a communication with *Strasburg*, where our great Magazine of Corn is, We are told that his Highness will pass the *Rhine* below *Strasburg*, so to open a passage to that City on the *Alsace* side. Upon the news we had of the birth of a Son to the Emperor all the Artillery in the Army was thrice discharged.

Strasburg, Aug. 6. The *French* finding their endeavours to engage this City to a strict Neutrality without effect, and that their being Masters of the Fort at *Kiel* is so far from contributing thereto, that on the contrary it hath exasperated people here to that degree against them, as to make them desire an Imperial Garrison, which they would never before admit of; and yesterday notwithstanding the *French* Troops are on all sides of us, 1000 Imperial Foot with several Officers as Voluntiers arrived here, and were received with great joy, and they assured us that the Imperial Army approaches, and will in a day or two be in our Neighbourhood. Three days since the Sieur *de Monclar* passed the *Rhine* at *Altenheim*, with 3 Squadrons of Horse, and 2 Batallions of Foot, and this day joyn'd the Marquis *de Rocque* in the *Wantzenaw*.

Hamburg, Aug. 9. On Monday last, according to the advices we have from *Pomeren*, the Elector of *Brandenburg* arrived at *Wolgast*; His Troops block up *Gripswaldt* and *Stralsond*.

Brussels, Aug. 9. Yesterday the Brandenburg Troops consisting of 8 Batallions and 20 Squadrons of Horse and 2 of Dragoons, in all about 8000 Men, passed the Canal near *Vilvord*, and this day they will joyn the Prince of *Orange*'s Army, which is Encamped near *Enghein*, where it is believed they will continue to morrow, that the said Brandenburg Troops may have time to rest, and the day following advance towards the Enemy. This day a Convoy with Bread for 6 days is gone to them, and before that is spent they will either succour *Mons*, or fight the Enemy. At the same time the Duke of *Luxemburg* continues at *Soignes*, and has very strongly fortified his Camp. In the interim, hardly a day passes without some Rencounter between Parties, in which ours have still had the better. The Mareschal *d'Humieres* is gathering what Forces he can between the *Lis* and the *Schelde*, draining to that purpose all his Garrisons in the New Conquests, whose room he supplies with the Bores of *Boulonnois*, *Artois* and *Picardy*. It seems they are not without some apprehensions at *Ghent*, and have placed several pieces of Cannon in the Markets and other open places, to awe the Inhabitants Our Letters from *Strasburg* of the 1 instant tell us, that the Mareschal *de Crequi* lay with his Army near *Offenburg*, and the Duke of *Lorrain* at *Oberkirk*, which latter